



# Supporting People with IDD and Complex Behavioral Health Needs

ACANY and LIFEPlan CCO

Virtual Summit

Thursday, March 5<sup>th</sup>, 2026

# THE DEVIL IS IN THE DETAILS

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- Preventing Medical Errors in Transitions of Care
- Benjamin A. Margolis, M.D.
- Neurologist and Psychiatrist

# BIOGRAPHY / DISCLOSURES

- Board certified in neurology and psychiatry
- Specializing in Behavioral Healthcare for people with I/DD
- Behavioral Health Task Group Co-Chair, AADMD
- Member, OPWDD Medical Advisory Task Force
- Member, Special Olympics NY Medical Advisory Council
- FINANCIAL DISCLOSURES: None
- ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE DISCLOSURE: Microsoft Copilot used in slide layout, otherwise not used.

# IDENTIFYING THE PROBLEM

- Addressing the common scenario of medical errors or problems associated with medical transitions
- The error rate in transition at some hospitals in medications exceeds 1 error per transition in some settings (speaking from clinical experience)
- Nationally, error rates have been found to be as high as 47.5% among prescriptions during transition, a substantial portion being missing medications or wrong doses.

Erickson SR, Kamdar N, Wu CH. Adverse Medication Events Related to Hospitalization in the United States: A Comparison Between Adults With Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities and Those Without. *Am J Intellect Dev Disabil.* 2020 Jan;125(1):37-48. doi: 10.1352/1944-7558-125.1.37. PMID: 31877264.

# CONTENTS

We will follow Steven, a patient who is a conglomerate of several real patients, through:

- 1) Referral to a generic emergency room
- 2) Medical admission
- 3) Internal transfer within the hospital
- 4) Discharge back to his community IRA.

# OBJECTIVE

Following this talk, the audience will:

- Be able to understand some of the sources of missing or wrong information upon emergency room visits and during medical admissions
- Have some familiarity with the process of medication reconciliation and history-taking
- Understand how electronic medical records can propagate erroneous information
- Be able to help recognize potential errors and help ensure smooth transitions for themselves and loved ones

# KEY THEMES



GARBAGE IN, GARBAGE OUT



LACK OF CULTURAL COMPETENCE /  
UNDERSTANDING OF I/DD CARE AMONG  
MEDICAL AND PSYCHIATRIC PROVIDERS MEAN  
WE DON'T KNOW WHAT WE DON'T KNOW



ALL MEMBERS OF A CARE TEAM CAN HELP  
PREVENT IATROGENIC HARM DUE TO  
PROBLEMS IN TRANSITION

# MEET OUR PATIENT

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- Steven R. is a bilingual 35 y/o cis-gendered man living with:
  - Cerebral Palsy
  - Epilepsy, well controlled with one medication
  - Bipolar I Disorder
  - Autism and associated compulsions, sometimes dangerous
  - Mild to Moderate Intellectual Disability

# MEET OUR PATIENT

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- Steven R.

- Loves his day program where he loves his routine and helping out
- Has a supportive family, they are older and live out of state. They Facetime frequently.
- Lives in an IRA with 5 mixed-gender peers and they get along well when Steven is psychiatrically stable.

# MEET OUR PATIENT

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- Steven R.
  - Has a PCP at a large group practice
  - Has a psychiatrist at a community mental health center (Article 31)
  - Has a cardiologist at that large group practice
  - Has a private gastroenterologist
  - Is on a waiting list for dental care
  - Has a private ophthalmologist

# MEET OUR PATIENT

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- Steven R.

- Takes 4 psychiatric medications including clozapine and Depakote, and risperidone for autism-related aggressions.
- Takes 3 medications for chronic constipation
- Takes medication for his thyroid, for hypertension and for hyperlipidemia
- Maintains a chopped diet (1/4”), or Level 5 Minced and Moist (IDDSI)

# Steven Gets Sick

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- Steven begins complaining of severe abdominal pain and has several episodes of emesis (vomiting).
- He is brought by his staff to the Urgent Care associated with his PCP's group practice, and they find him significantly hypotensive.
- RISK FOR ERROR – Is medication list accurate?
- He is referred to the emergency room by Urgent Care.

# Steven Reaches the Emergency Room

- RISK FOR ERROR
  - Accompanied by staff
  - Up to date MAR is included
- How is information communicated to the ER staff?

# “How the Sausage is Made” – ER Workflows

- RISK FOR ERROR
  - Accompanied by staff
  - Up to Date MAR is included
  - How is information communicated to the ER staff?
  - On Medical Records Systems

# “How the Sausage is Made” – EMRs

- RISK FOR ERROR
- SYSTEMS DON'T NECESSARILY TALK TO EACH OTHER
  - EPIC
  - eClinicalWorks
  - Athena
  - PracticeFusion
  - Cerner
  - Avatar
  - NetSmart
  - Evero

# “How the Sausage is Made” – EMRs

- RISK FOR ERROR
- SYSTEMS DON'T NECESSARILY AUTOUPDATE
  - Multiple sources of information
  - Outpatient and Inpatient Medication lists can lead to redundancy
  - Discontinued Medications can auto-load and propagate

“Garbage In,  
Garbage  
Out”

## IN THE EMERGENCY ROOM

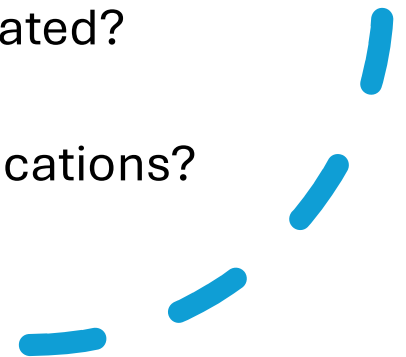
- What is the source of the medication list and history?
- Staff accompanying individuals may be covering
- Who is adding his information to the chart?
- Where does the paper MAR go?

A DILIGENT CARE TEAM CAN BE PROTECTIVE



# Steven is Admitted to the Medical Floor

- ARRIVING ON THE MEDICAL FLOOR
- What happened to the medication reconciliation from the ER?
- Some systems are separate between ER and Inpatient
- Did his diet order get communicated?
- What about his psychiatric medications?



# Steven is Being Treated for a Partial Ileus

- Does the inpatient medical team have a consultant that can coordinate care?
- The Value of C/L Psychiatry
- Is the inpatient team aware of his outpatient providers and do they have contact information to coordinate care?



# Steven is Much Improved Ready for D/C

- Were there changes to his psychiatric regimen? To his constipation regimen?
- Was this able to be communicated to his outpatient team?
- Did he require surgery or procedures?
- Are there changes to his diet?

# Steven is Much Improved Ready for D/C

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- RISKS AT INPATIENT TRANSITION – SYSTEMS RISKS

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- Staff turnover and hospitalist turnovers
- The discharging physician may not be the person who cared for him prior

# Steven is Going Home

- OPPORTUNITIES FOR ERROR
- “Ghost Medications”

## **DISCHARGE SUMMARY MEDICATION RECONCILIATION**

- Old problems can propagate
- Forms of medications can change in unexpected ways
  
- Diets may be inadvertently changed

# Steven Arrives Home

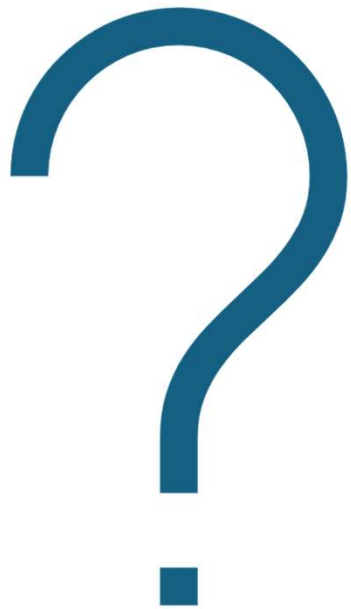
- RISKS FOR ERROR
- Not every provider or specialist will be aware of medication changes
- Errors on discharge summaries can compound at this point
- Ensuring followup with outpatient team and collaboration is essential
  
- Every agency can adapt workflow locally to this problem

# Steven Follows Up With His Outpatient Team

- OPPORTUNITIES FOR ERROR
- Discharge Summaries may be missing
- Does the outpatient team understand why changes were made?
- Were changes deliberate or due to missing information?

# BEST PRACTICES & TAKE HOME POINTS

- Steven R.
  - OPPORTUNITIES FOR ERROR ARE PRESENT AT EVERY TRANSITION POINT
  - Individuals with I/DD are vulnerable to these errors due to medical and behavioral complexity.
  - Facilitating communication between disparate teams is best protection
  - Current tools to bridge communication are helpful but do not replace direct contact between providers.
  - Agency staff, care managers, loved ones and nursing save lives with communication



Questions/Comments  
**QUESTIONS**